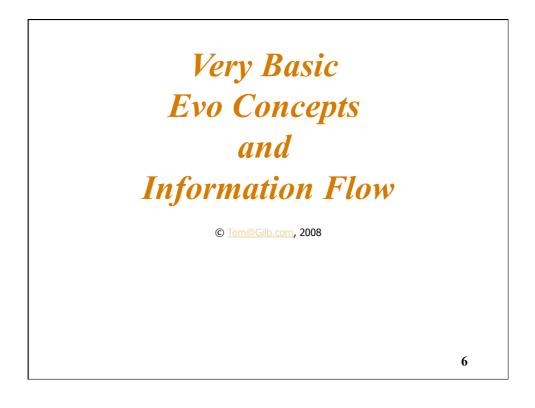


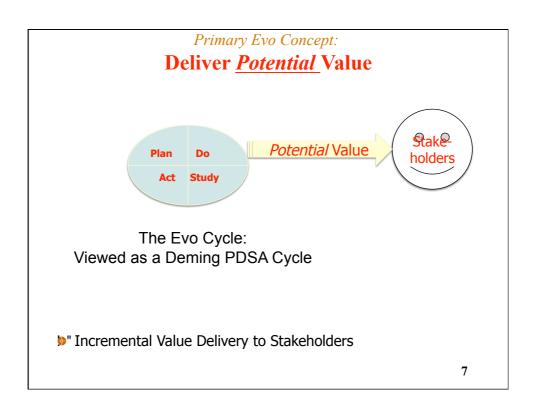


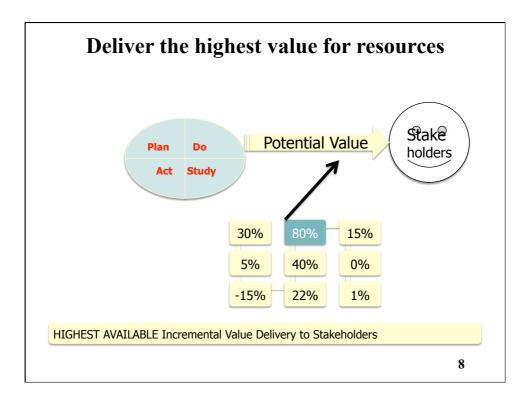
	Background & what you will gain from this workshop
\} "	Most people have only learned some form of 'Waterfall' (Grand Design) project
	management.
	It is obsolete and dangerous to the health of your project.
0"	'Evo' is the most successful alternative project management method, if you look at practical experience, and is now a 'mandatory guideline' at US DoD.
	🕼 Isn't it about time you learned more about it?
	It is primarily based on <u>quantified stakeholder value satisfaction</u> , by means of quantified <u>qualities</u>
0 "	This tutorial will supply the participant with the pragmatics of doing evolutionary project management - The Evo toolkit.
	How do you specify objectives <u>quantitatively</u> that you can evolve towards in small steps?
	W How do you specify designs, and their <u>quantitative impact</u> on requirements, that can be decomposed into smaller delivery steps?
	How do you specify and control, numerically, evolutionary stakeholder-value-delivery steps themselves?
	The toolkit gives practical help. The standards, the processes, the templates, patterns, examples
0"	Evo has major impact on the whole way in which systems engineering is carried out.
	All systems engineering processes (requirements, design, build, test, and quality control) are suddenly encapsulated into an early and frequent evolutionary result delivery step. The entire process differs from current Agile processes, by being far more <u>quantitative</u> .
0"	If you know what you are doing, you will soon produce <u>measurable</u> results for
	stakeholders.
	If not, you won't; and must consequently fix your engineering processes and designs.
0"	Who Should Attend:
	Consultants and teachers, project managers, managers of project managers, software process specialists, IT Directors, software product company managers.

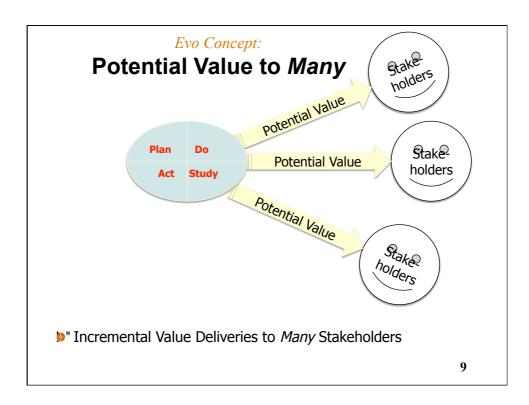
\	Introductory Slides
	•
	The Evo process description: metrics for project management.
	. Basic Evo principles: why they are all based on practical netrics
	. Principles for decomposing into small Evo steps, 2% of udget.
% " 4	. Defined Evo processes: quantification of requirements, design
	uantification. Project progress quantification, maintenance netrics
	. Templates for Quantified Requirements and Quantified Design
% " 6	. Templates for Quantified Evo step specification
	. Quantified Design Impact Estimation Table Evo project nanagement
8 "	Evo Policy template: Policies that demand everyday metrics
	• Organizational considerations when doing Evo: avoiding esistance to metrics
<mark>⊗</mark> " 1	0. Evo contracting template: pay for measurable results

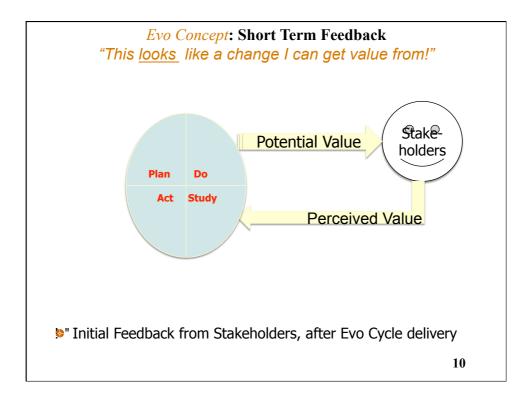


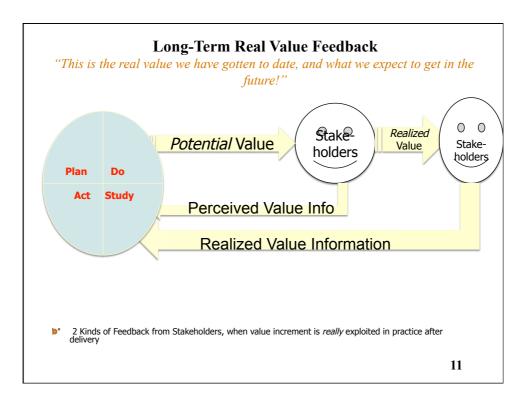


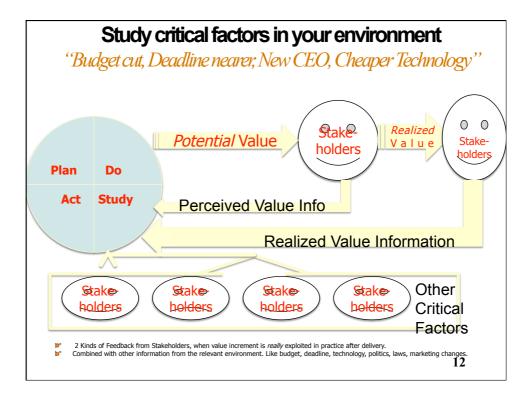


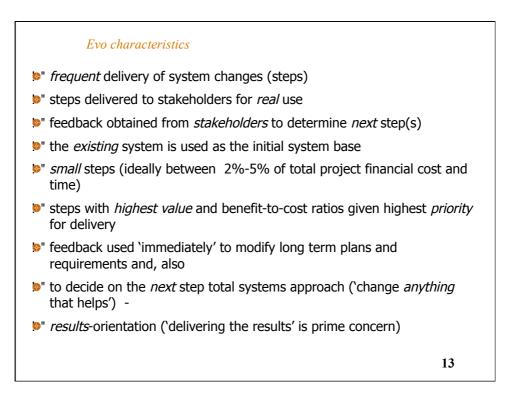




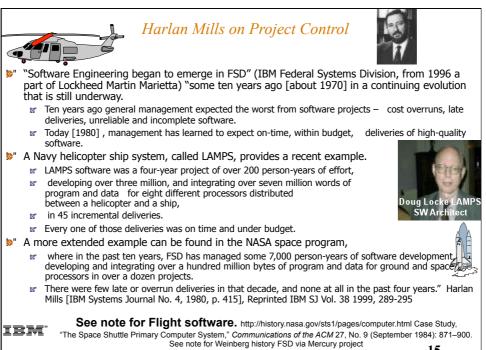


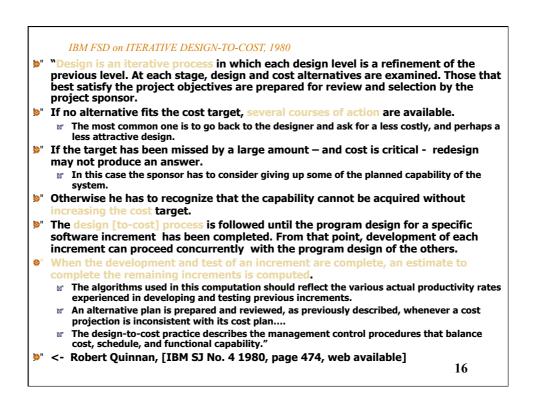


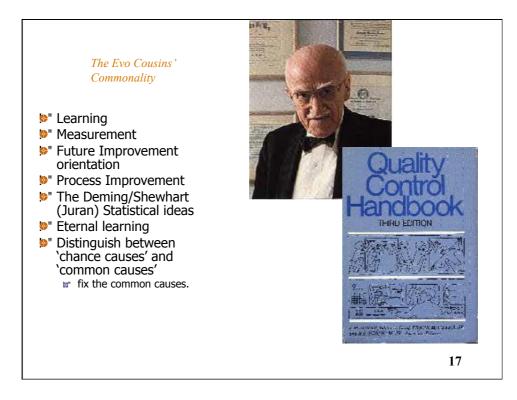


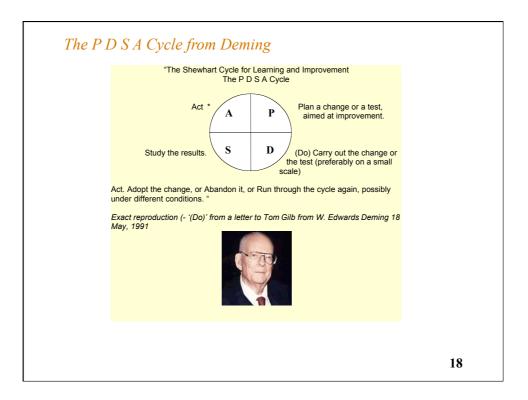


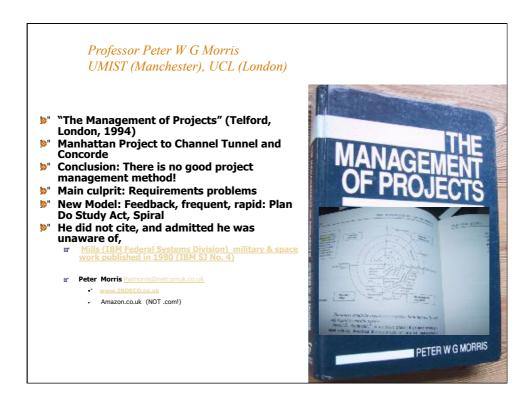


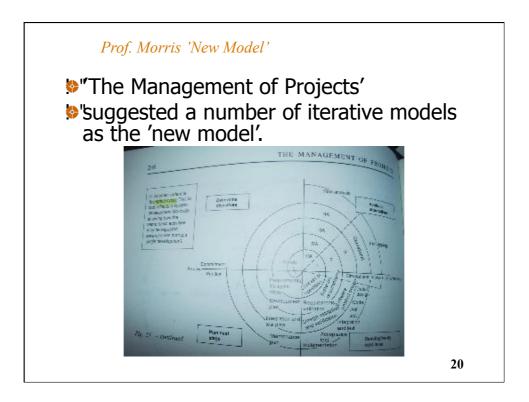


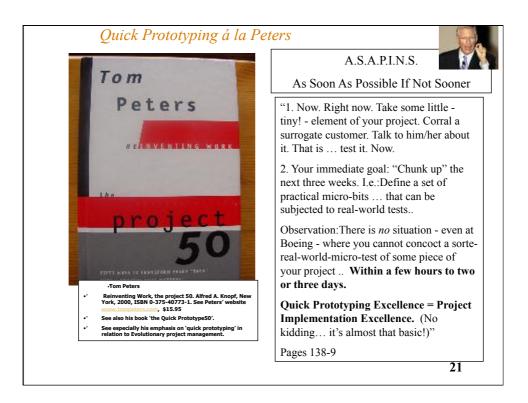


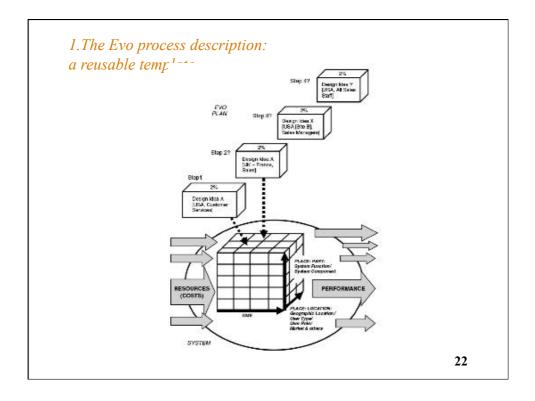


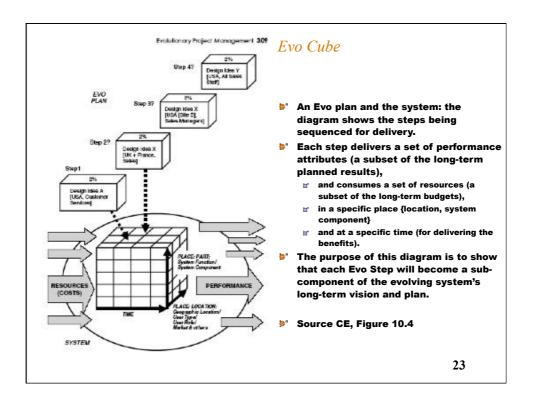


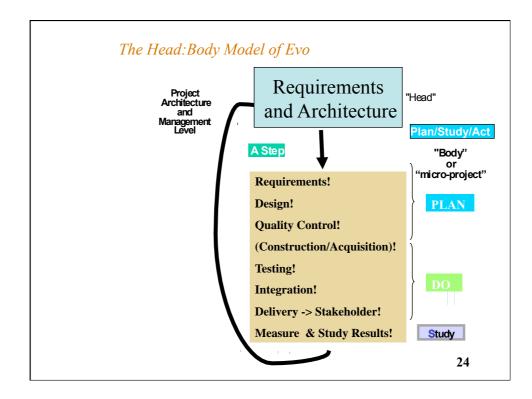


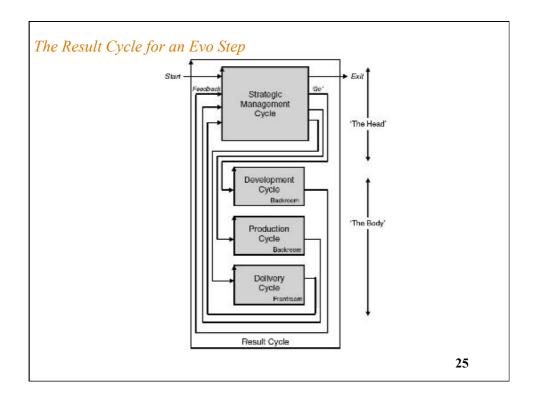


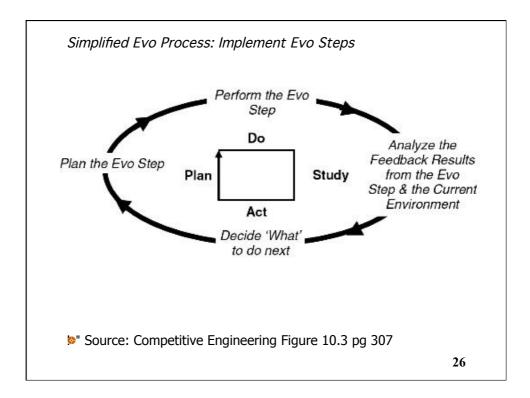


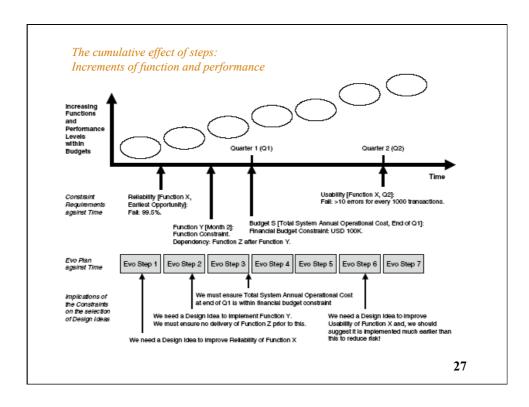


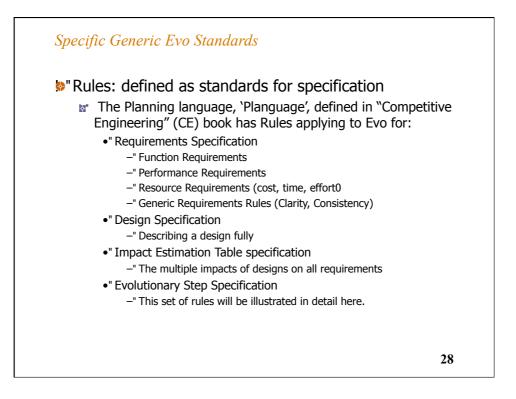


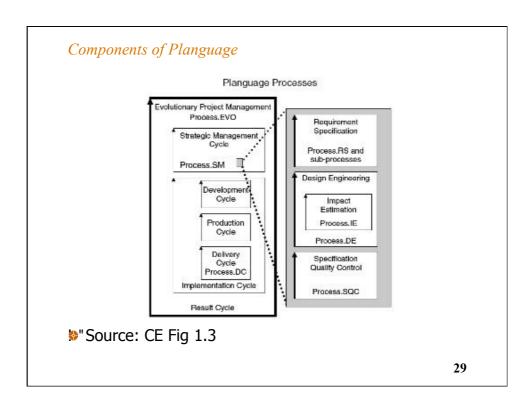




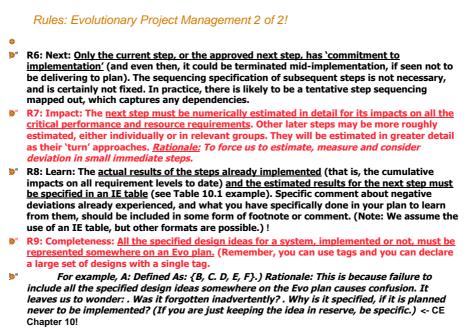








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	Rules: Evolutionary Project Management 1of 2!
I	" Tag: Rules.EVO. Version: October 7, 2004.
I	¹ Owner: TG. Status: Draft.
I	Gist: Rules for Evo Plan Specification.
	 Base: The rules for generic specification, Rules.GS apply as well as all other Planguage rules needed to express requirements and design.
l	R1: Tags: <u>All steps of an Evo plan will have a unique tag</u> to enable cross- referencing from other specifications (such as test planning or costing).
	R2: Detail: <u>All detailed design idea specifications shall be kept separate from the Evo plan</u> . For brevity, use Planguage step descriptions only. Any Evo plan elements yet to be defined in detail must be specified by a unique tag in fuzzy brackets (<tag 1="" name="">). This will indicate that the detail is not specified yet. Rationale: We need to avoid the clutter of design idea definitions in the Evo plan itself. Tags are sufficient.</tag>
	R3: Cost: <u>Any planned step, that has an estimated incremental impact, for any resource attribute, which exceeds 5% of the total budget planned level, will be re-specified into smaller steps, to reduce risk. An average of 2%-of-budget steps is desirable (as risk of economic loss is then at 2% maximum), but individual projects may specify their own budget constraints. All planned steps still exceeding these single step budget constraints must be agreed by authorized signature.</u>
	R4: Time: <u>Any step, which would take more than 5% of the total project calendar time (from project start up to the main long-term deadline), must be divided into smaller steps.</u> An average of 2%-of- time steps is desirable, but individual projects may specify their own time constraints. All steps exceeding the 5% time constraint must be agreed by authorized signature. Rationale: Control time to deadline.
	R5: Priority: <u>The 'next step', at any point in the project, should ideally be selected using an Impact Estimation table to evaluate step options</u> . Steps that you estimate to deliver the greatest stakeholder benefits, performance improvements (Sum of Percentage Impacts) to stakeholders, or that have the best performance to cost ratio, shall generally be done earliest, wherever logically possible, and when 'tother considerations1 (such as a customer contract or request) do not have higher priority. Any specific priority factors, which override going for the greatest stakeholder benefits first, shall be clearly documented. There must be some specified clear rationale, policy or rule behind prioritizing steps differently from this rule. This could be some estimate of value of a step, which is outside the scope of the specific Impact Estimation table, which might have priority.
	** EXAMPLE Step 44: Type: Step. Consists Of: ABC [UK]: <- Contract Requirement 6.4. Rationale: The contract demands we deliver this step at this point. Optionally, there can be a project-defined constraint of a step having to achieve a minimum estimated value (financial growth or saving), overall performance improvement or performance to cost ratio before being considered for implementation at all.
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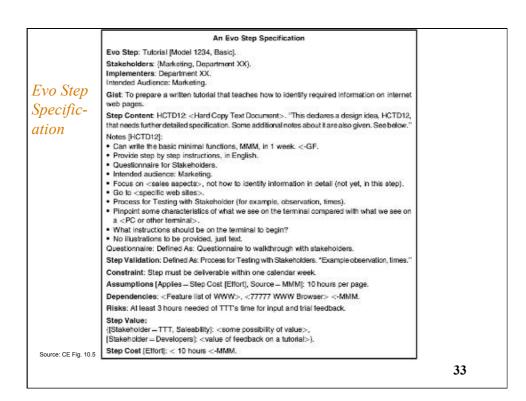




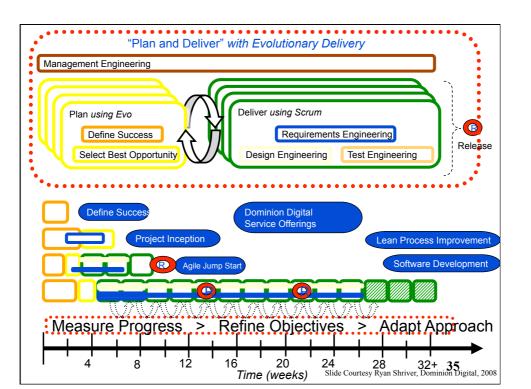
A 'Template' for Evo Step Specification

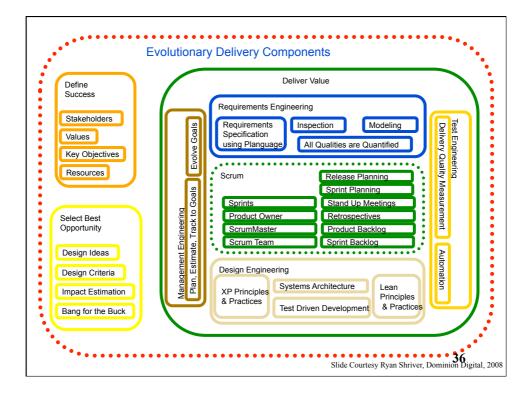
Simplified example of filling out the template

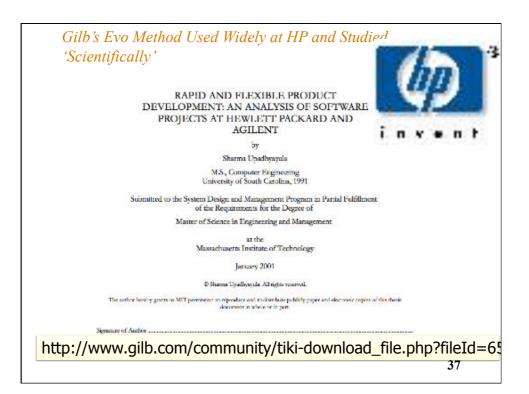
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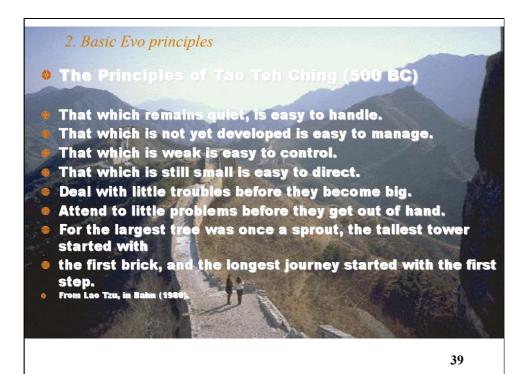
date towards achieving the goals and the costs
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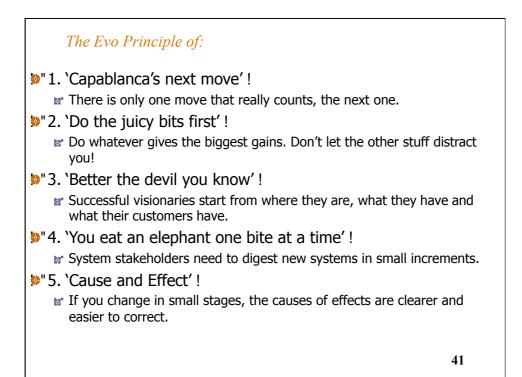


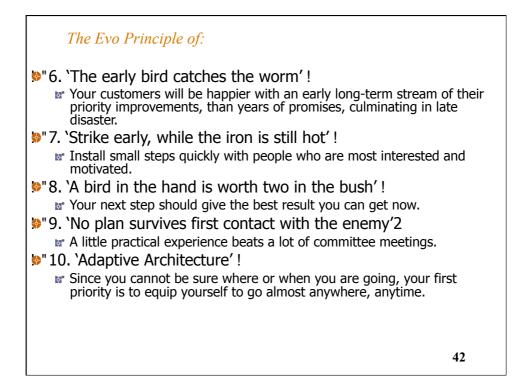


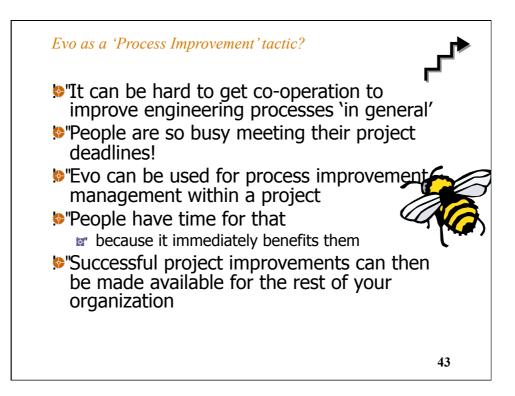
		% Onginal Postumo implemen ted	Bugginess (per mil	% Schedule Estimation Encr	Productivity	Schedule and Budget Perf perception mono	Customer solishction perception ming	S final product functionality in tint prototype	% final product functionalit y in first system integration	% fine production function
	Correlation Coefficient	4.000	275	- 250	- 255	100	- 871	194	373	1.11.11.1
implemented	Sig. (2 tailed)		235	208	.277	A\$7	767	425	116	
and the second of the	N	20	10	20	20	20	20	19	19	1 2
Bugginess (permit LOC)	Correlation Coefficient	.275	1.000	132	.039	278	.245	.664*	.198	-3
LOC?	Sig (2-tailed)	.255		.898	.875	249	11	.003	432	-1
5 Schedule	N Correlation Coefficient	19	15	19.	19	19	19	10	16	
Estimation Error	Sip (2-tailed)	.250	.032	1.000	.226	.190	060	.165	.022	.4
	N N	.200	.owo			1 1 1 1 1	-002	1000	800 C	1 8
		211	19	74	24	20	20	32	77	
Productivity	Correlation Coefficient	.265	.039	.226	1.000	.496*	071	.202	- 124	<u>2</u>
	Sip (2-tailed)	.277	.876	.267		.026	.765	.367	.653	.2
	N	20	19	24	24	20	20	22	22	1 2
Schedule and	Correlation Coefficient	301	278	- 190	- 4545*	1.000	872	.247	112	
Budget Perf. perception rating	Sig. (2 tailed)	.197	.249	.428	.026		.762	.308	.647	
1	N	20	19	20	20	20	20	19	10	
Sustament withfaction perception rating	Correlation Coefficient	071	.245	~000	071	.072	1.000	.255	- 545*	-2
	Sig. (2 tailed)	20	311	102	705	20	20	292	D16 19	
S linel product	N Correlation Coefficient	.194	.664**	.065	.202	247	255	1.000	.518*	
	Sig (7-tailed)	.425	.00%	.809	.202	308	200	1.000	.015	.0
probity pe	N	19	18	22	72	19	19	72	27	
% final product	Correlation Coefficient	.373	.198	.022	124	.112	-6:5*	.518*	1.000	.6
functionality in first system integration		.1 18	432	.028	.683	847	.016	.018	1000	.0
	N	19	18	22	22	19	19	22	22	1. 19
% final product	Correlation Coefficient	.639**	357	- 493*	- 234	.464*	- 222	485*	521*	:1.0
functionality in first	Sig. (2-tailed)	.008	.146	.017	.283	.048	.361	.020	.018	1.
Deta	N	19	18	23	23	19	19	22	22	- C

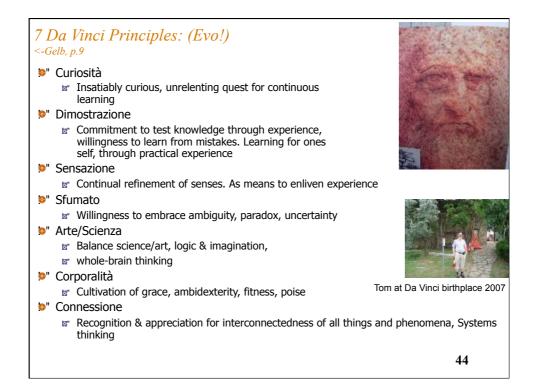


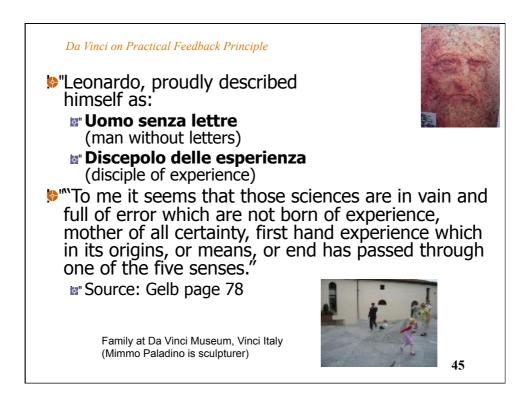
	Summary of Principles: Evolutionary Pr	oject Management
!	1. The Principle of 'Capablanca's next move'	6. The Principle of
% "	There is only one move that really counts,	'The early bird catches the worm'
	the next one.	Your customers will be happier with an early
% "	2. The Principle of 'Do the juicy bits first'	long-term stream of their priority improvements, than years of promises,
!	Do whatever gives the biggest gains. Don't let the other stuff distract you!	culminating in late disaster. 7. The Principle of 'Strike early, while the iron is
!	3. The Principle of 'Better the devil you know'	still hot'
<u></u> ,	Successful visionaries start from where they are, what they have and what their customers have.	Install small steps quickly with people who are most interested and motivated. 8. The Principle of 'A bird in the hand is worth
!	4. The Principle of 'You eat an elephant one bite at a time'	two in the bush' Your next step should give the best result
!	System stakeholders need to digest new systems in small increments.	you can get now. 9. The Principle of 'No plan survives first
!	5. The Principle of 'Cause and Effect'	contact with the enemy'2
** "	If you change in small stages, the causes of effects are clearer and easier to correct.	A little practical experience beats a lot of committee meetings. 10. The Principle of 'Adaptive Architecture' Since you cannot be sure where or when you are going, your first priority is to equip yourself to go almost anywhere, anytime.
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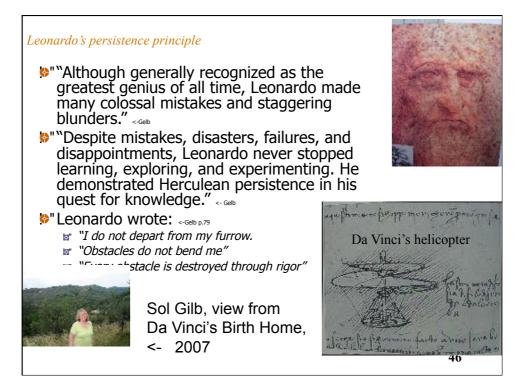


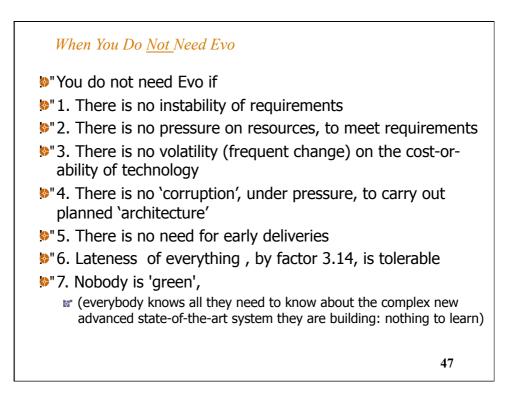


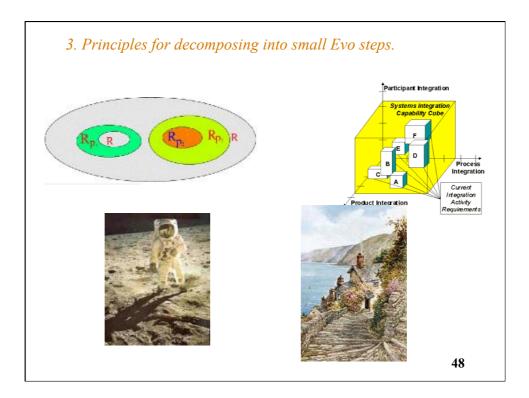


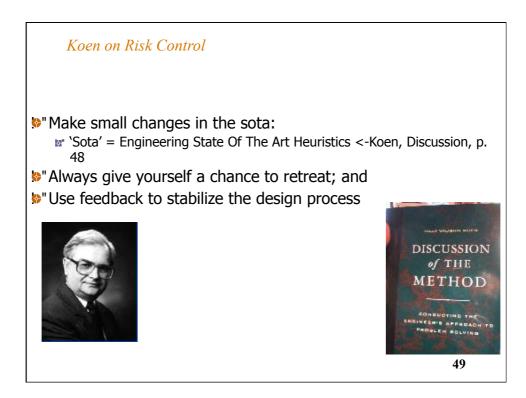


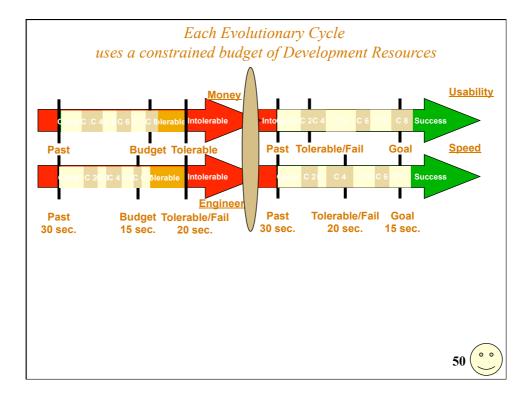






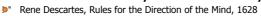






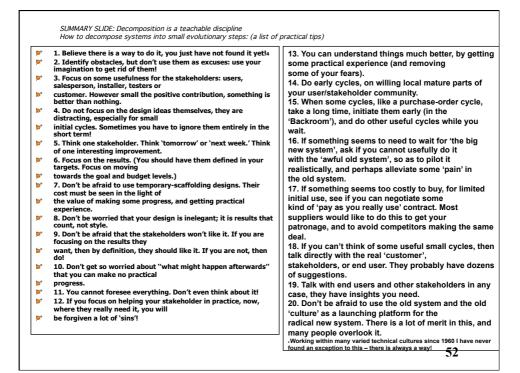
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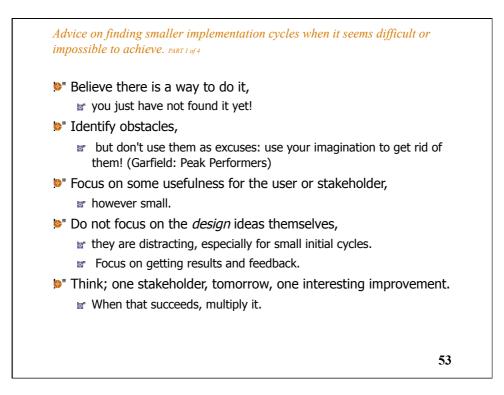
"We should bring the whole force of our minds to bear upon the most minute and simple details and to dwell upon them for a long time so that we become accustomed to perceive the truth clearly and distinctly."

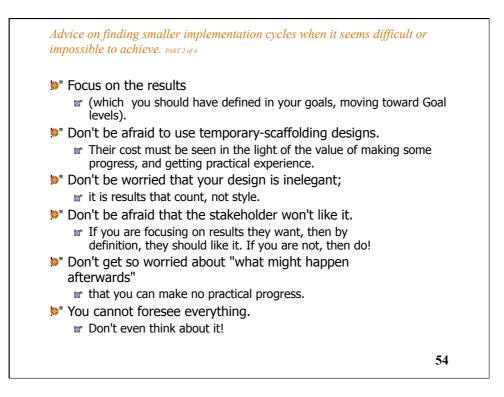


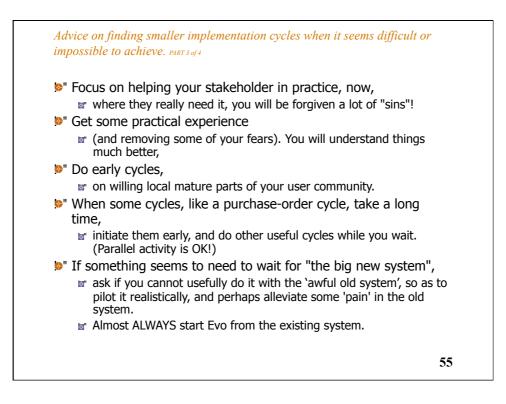


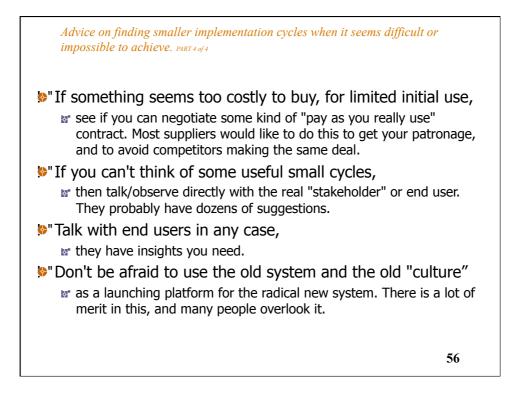
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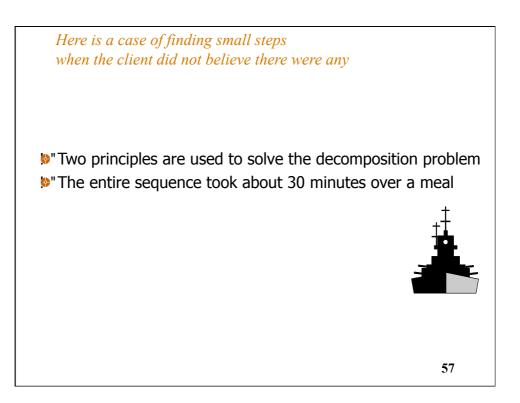


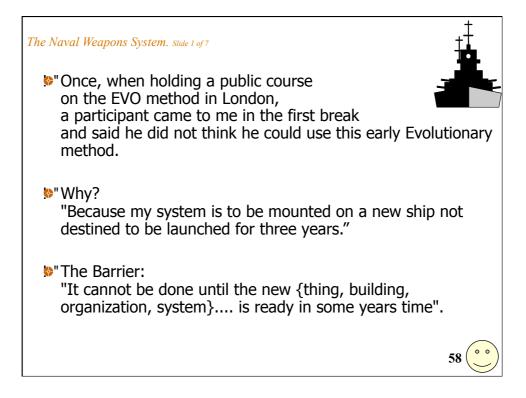


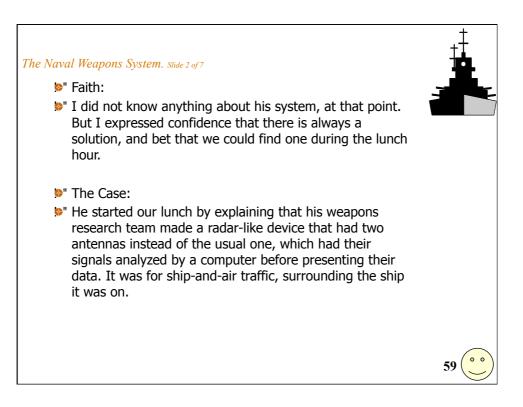


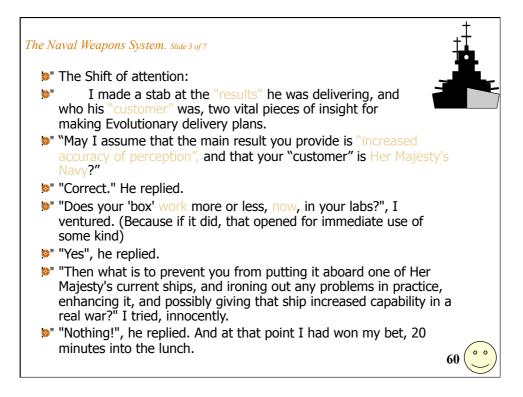


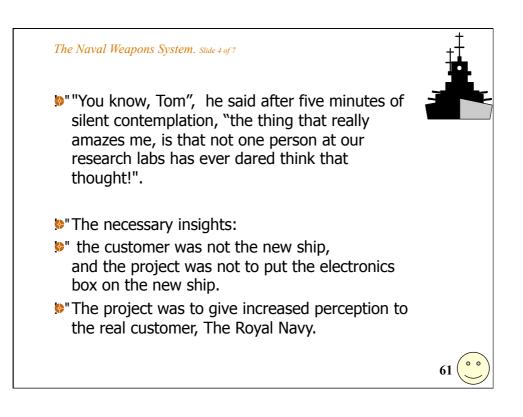


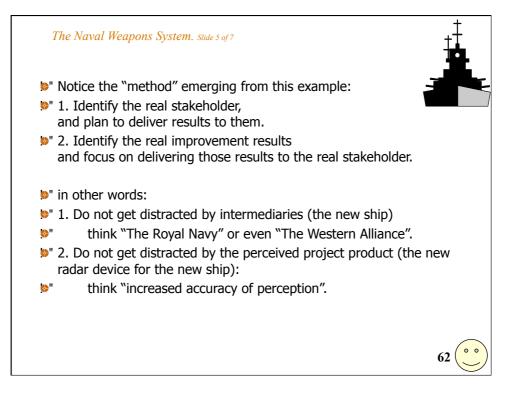


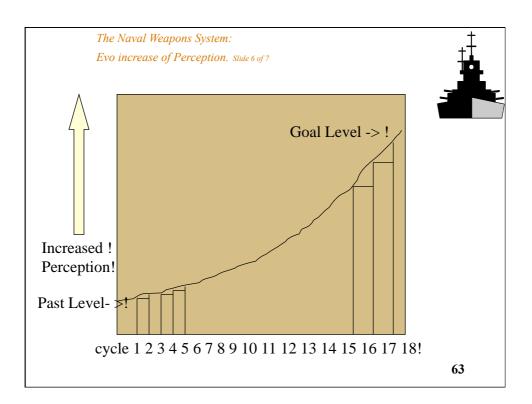


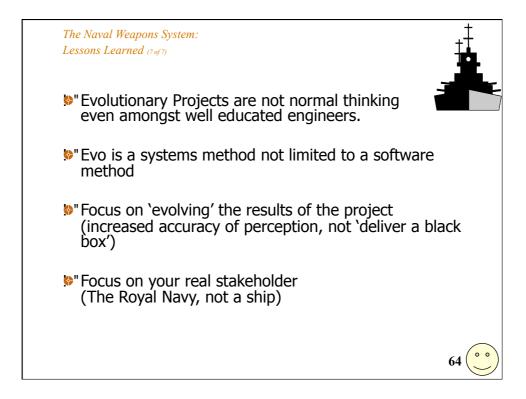


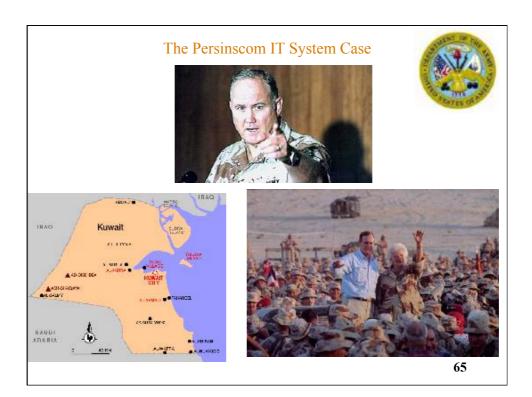




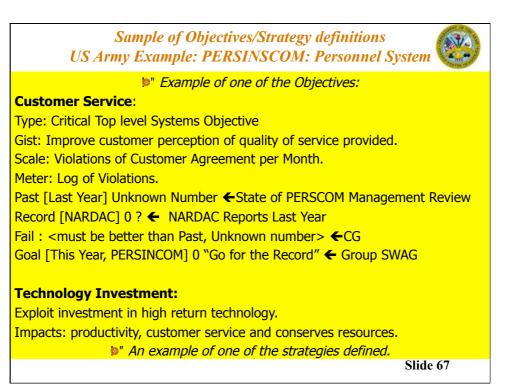




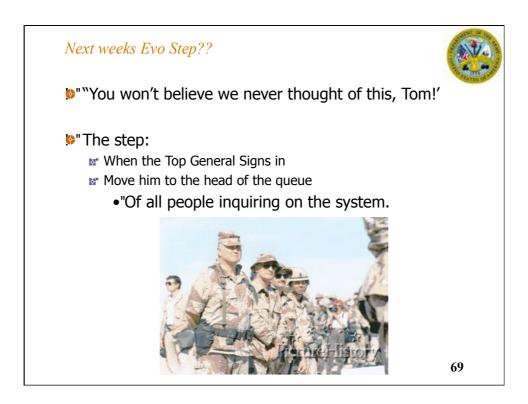


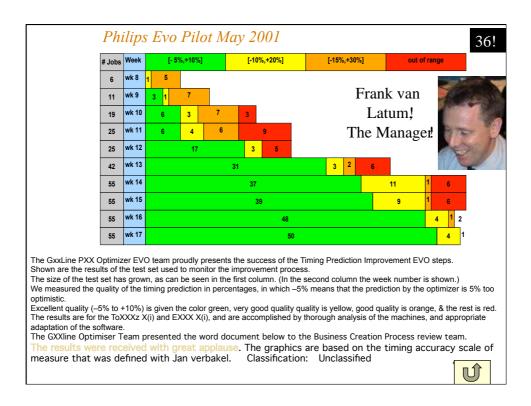


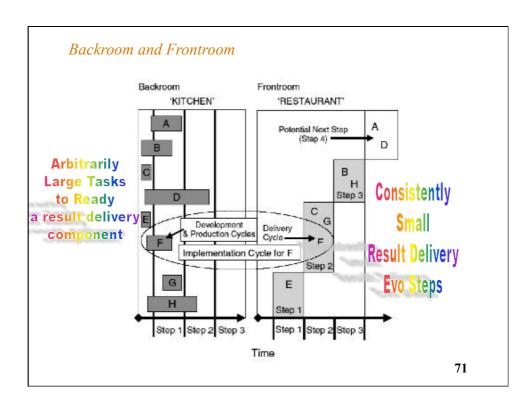
STRATEGIES → ORJECTIVES	Technology Investment	Business Practices	People	Empow- erment	Principles of IMA Munugenarii	Business Process Re engineering	SUM
Customer Service ?➔0 Violation of agreement	-50%	10%	5%	5%	5%	60%	185%
Availability 90% ➔ 99.5% Up time	50%	5%	5-10%	0	0	200%	265%
Usability 200 🗲 60 Requests by Users	.50%	5 10%	5 10%	501%.	0	10%	130%
Responsiveness 70% → ECP's on time	50%	10%	90%	25%	5%	50%	180%
Productivity 3:1 Return on Investment	45%	60%	103	35%	100%	53%	3033
Morale 72 ➔ 60 per mo. Sick Leave	.503	5%	75%	45'3.	15%	61%	251%
Data Integrity 88% → 97% Data Error %	42%	10%	25%	5%	70%	25%	177%
Technology Adaptability 75% Adapt Technology	5%	30%	5%	60%	0	60%	160%
Requirement Adaptability ? 2.6% Adapt to Change	80%	20%	60%	75%	20%	.5%	260%
Resource Adaptability 2.1M → 7 Resource Change	10%	80½	5%	50%	50%	75%	270%
Cost Reduction FADS → 30% Total Funding	50%	40%	10%	40%	50%	50%	240%
SUM IMPACT FOR EACH SOLUTION	482'%	280%	305%	390%	315%	649%	
Money ½ of total budget	15%	1%	31%	1%	6'%	4%	2
Time % total work months/year	15%	15%	2093.	10%	20%	1856	
SUM RESOURCES	30	19	2.3	14	26	22	2
BENEFIT/RESOURCES RATIO	16:1	14:7	13:3	27:9	12:1	29:5	

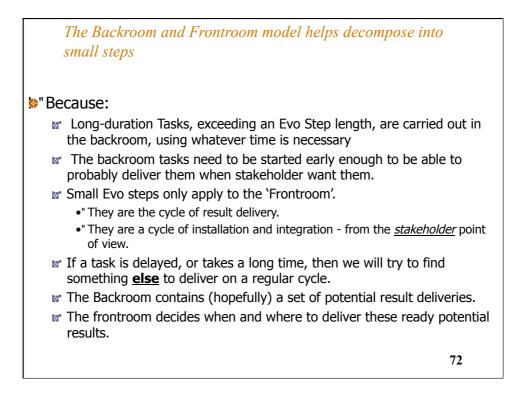


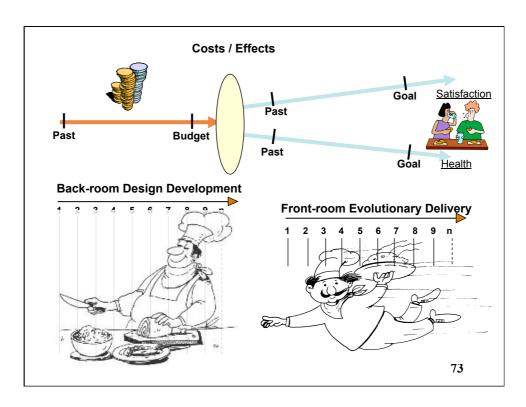


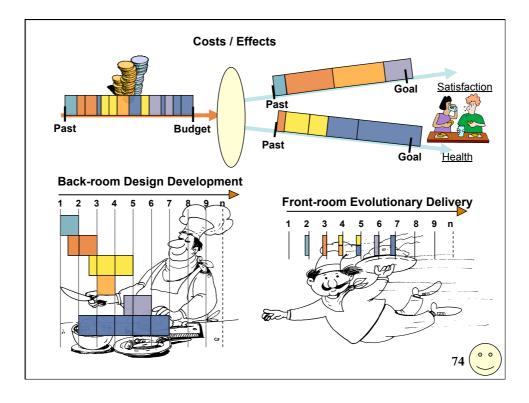


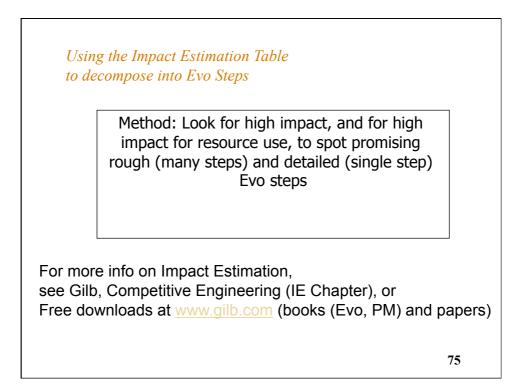


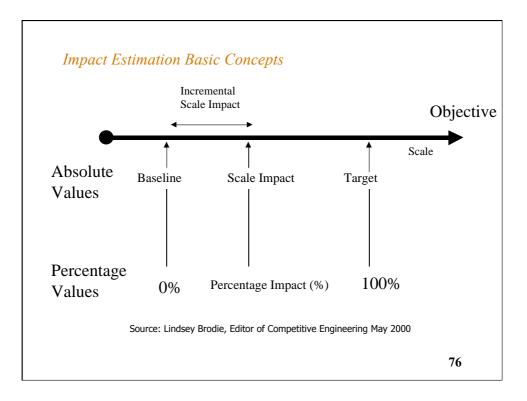


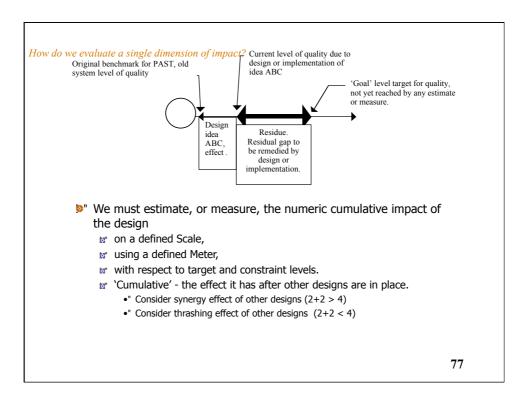






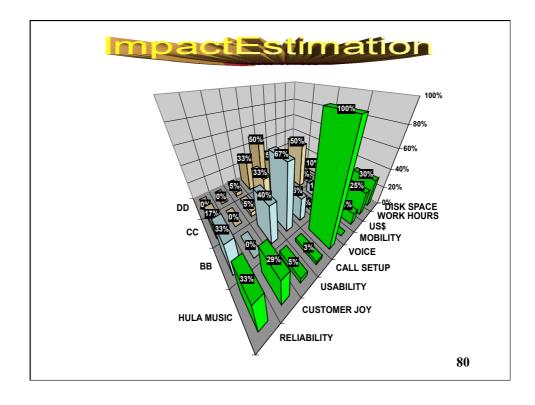






			Road Des	ign Function	8		Road Da	ta Hodel	Drawing	Production	
	Road Standard (Requirements)	Road Network	Alignment Design		Intersection modelling (3D!)	Analyse the Design	Storage of	Storage of Alignments	Drawing Functions	Drawing Factory	CAD
Product Qualities	The second second	inclusion period			Contraction of Contract	and a second	V		a service a service se	- and -	
Efficiency.Design,	5%	30%	20%	40%	15%	20%	10%	15%	-30%	20%	09
flicency.Construction	0%5	5%	0%5	40%	20%	10%	10%	055	055	0%	D4
fliciency. Facility	5655	10000	1.5435	1853	10.00	1.0353	1.2450	1.583	2235	11.00	100
nanagement	0%6	20%	0%	10%	5%	0%	10%	10%	0%5	0%	09
Hident Localisation	-20%	23	0%	0%	15%	-5%	10%	0%	3924	29%	2
ualityLocalisation	-20%	2%	0%5	0%	0%	0%	10%	0%b	20%	15%	09
sability.Learnability	0%	10%	30%	30%	15%	-5%	5%	10%	10%	10%	- 03
Isability.Intuitive	-5%	10%	20%	30%	15%	-5%	10%	10%	10%	10%	01
ksabiitty.Fun	10%	10%5	20%	20%	10%	5%	5%	045	15%	15%	09
Isability.Workflow	20%	40%5	10%	20%	15%	0%	5%	10%	10%5	10%	09
warie britty, Rehability	055	-10%	-10%	-10%	-10%5	0%	10%	0%6	5%	5%	01
wallability, Maintainability	0%5	-10%	-10%	+10%	-10%	0%	10%	055	5%5	5%	D4
wall a britty. Scale a britty	0%	-10%	-10%	-10%	20%	0%	20%	0%6	10%	10%	10
ortability	0%	- 5%	0%5	0%	20%	0%	15%	10%	10%	10%	01
dentity, Novapoint	30%	30%5	30% 100%	160%	10%	15%	160%	10%	150%	5% 135%	01
Engineers.Innhouse 15,000	300	1000			1000	100	250	1.00			
Engineers.External											_
mai	300								1000		
Astram						301	S				
arthers		300	200		1000)		BJ	1		
weden										800	1
enmark											
nland											
Ithers		0	10 0		1	1.1	1	L	_	<u>bt</u> 1	
istal Development Resource:		1300	289	1000	2000	400	2500	183	1000	800	10
enefit / Dev. Resources	0.03%	0.10%	0.36%	0.16%	0.07%	0.09%	0.06%	0.42%	0.16%	0.17%	

STRATEGIES → OBJECTIVES	Technolog y Investment	Business Practice s	People	Empow -erment	Principles of IMA Management	Business Process Re- engineering	SUM
Customer Service ?→0 Violation of agreement	50%	10%	5%	5%	5%	60%	185
Availability 90% → 99.5% Up time	50%	5%	5-10%	0	0	200%	265
Usability 200 → 60 Requests by Users	50%	5-10%	5-10%	50%	0	10%	130
Responsiveness 70% → ECP's on time	50%	10%	90%	25%	5%	50%	180
Productivity 3:1 Return on Investment	45%	60%	10%	35%	100%	53%	303
Morale 72 → 60 per mo. Sick Leave	50%	5%	75%	45%	15%	61%	251
Data Integrity 88% → 97% Data Error %	42%	10%	25%	5%	70%	25%	177
Technology Adaptability 75% Adapt Technology	5%	30%	5%	60%	0	60%	160
Requirement Adaptability ? → 2.6% Adapt to Change	80%	20%	60%	75%	20%	5%	260
Resource Adaptability 2.1M → ? Resource Change	10%	80%	5%	50%	50%	75%	270
Cost Reduction FADS → 30% Total Funding	50%	40%	10%	40%	50%	50%	240
SUM IMPACT FOR EACH SOLUTION	482%	280%	305%	390%	315%	649%	
Money % of total budget	15%	4%	3%	4%	6%	4%	
Time % total work months/year	15%	15%	20%	10%	20%	18%	
SUM RESOURCES	30	19	23	14	26	22	
BENEFIT/RESOURCES RATIO	16:1	14:7	13:3	27:9	12:1	29:5	

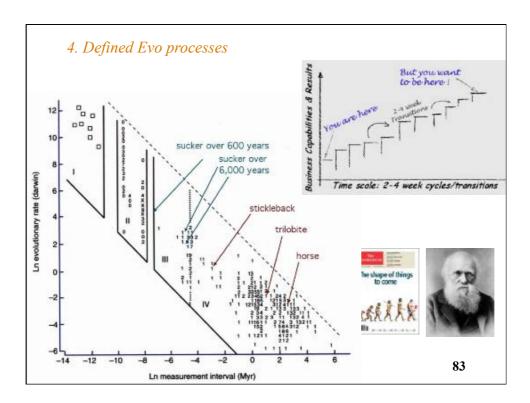


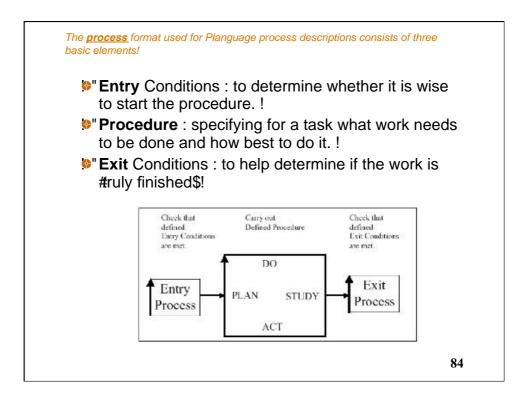
Business objective	Measure	Goal (200X)	Stretch goal ('0X)	Volume	Value	Profit	Cash
Time to market	Normal project time from GT to GT5	<9 mo.		X	Value	X	X
Mid-range	Min BoM for The Corp phone	<\$90		H C		A C	
Platformisation Technology	# of Technology 66 Lic. shipping > 3M/yr	400			┍ <mark>╸</mark> ╶╴ <mark>╸</mark> ╶╴ <mark>┛</mark> ╴	Y	
Interface	Interface units	>11M	>13M	X		X	X
Operator preference	Top-3 operators issue RFQ spec The Corp	/	2	X			X
Productivity		-					
Get Torden	Lyn goes for Technology 66 in Sep-04	Yes		X		X	X
Fragmentation	Share of components mullied	<10%	<5%		Y	X	X
Commoditisation	Switching cost for a UI to another System	>1y	Y S				y y
	The Corp share of 'in scope' code in best-	-		d			20
Duplication	selling device	>90%	>95%		Х	Х	Х
Competitiveness	Major feature comparison with MX	Same	Better	Х		Х	Х
User experience	Key use cases superior vs. competition	5	10	Х	Х	Х	Х
Downstream cost saving	Project ROI for Licensees	>33%	>66%	Х	Х	Х	Х
Platformisation IFace	Number of shipping Lic.	33	55	Х		Х	Х
Japan	Share of of XXXX sales	>50%	>60%	Х		Х	Х

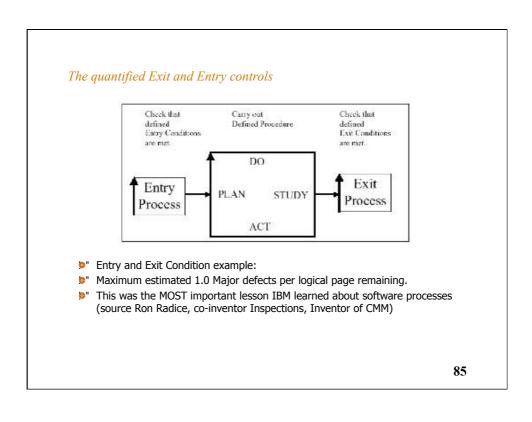
	1		-				
			De	iverables			
	Telephony	Modularity	Tools	Liser Experience	GUI & Graphics	Security	Enterprise
Business Objective		0				14 (X	
Time to Market	10%	10%	15%	0%	0%	0%	5%
Product Range	0%	30%	5%	10%	5%	5%	0%
Platform Technology	10%	0%	0%	5%	0%	10%	5%
Units	15%	595	5%	0%	0%	10%	10%
Operator Preference	10%	59	5%	10%	10%	20%	10%
Commoditization	10%	-20%	15%	0%	0%	5%	5%
Duplication	10%	0%	0%	0%	0%	5%	5%
Competitiveness.	15%	10%	10%	10%	20%	10%	10%
User Experience	0%	20%	0%	30%	10%	0%	0%
Downstream Cost Saving	5%	10%	0%	10%	0%	0%	5%
Other Country	5%	10%	0%	10%	5%	0%	0%
Total Contribution	90%	80%	110	85%	50%	65%	222
Cost (EM)	0.49	1.92	0.81	1.21	2.68	0.79	0.60
Contribution to Cost Ratio	184	42	68	70	19	82	92

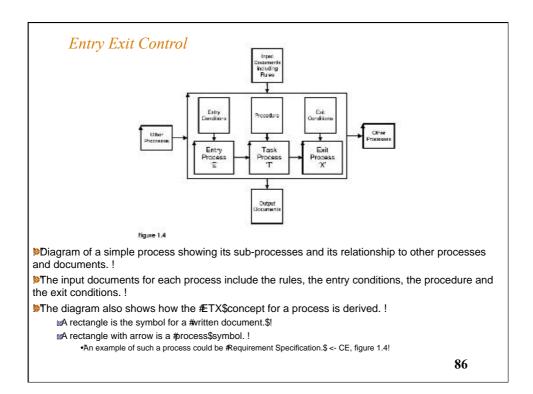
This real example is altered substantially to protect confidentiality. It appropriately ignited the imagination of top management to really plan their engineering business in a quantified manner. !

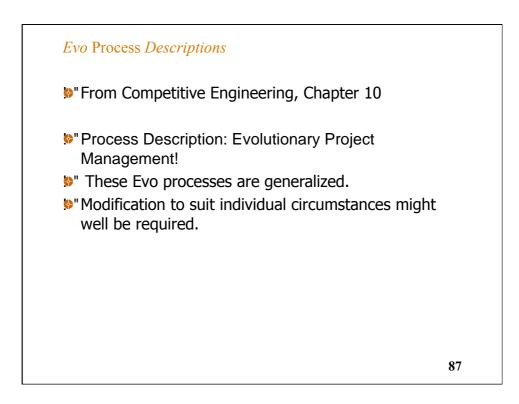
Notice the overall impact to cost ratio (ROI Index) is estimated for each process. The actual definitions of the strategy deliverables are elsewhere, and are confidential. But that detail would be needed to estimate and to check these estimates !

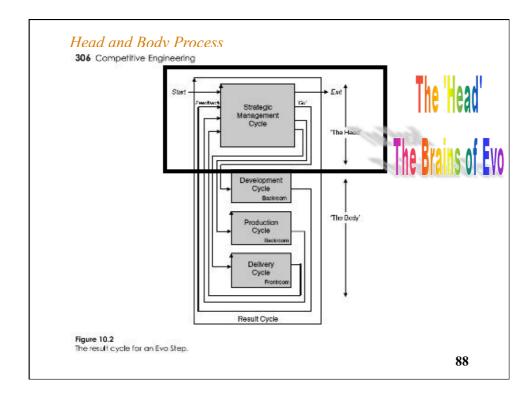










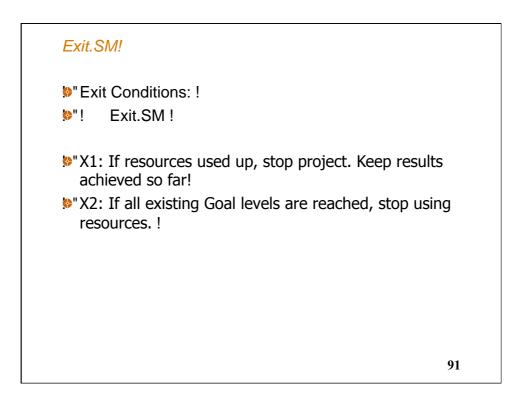


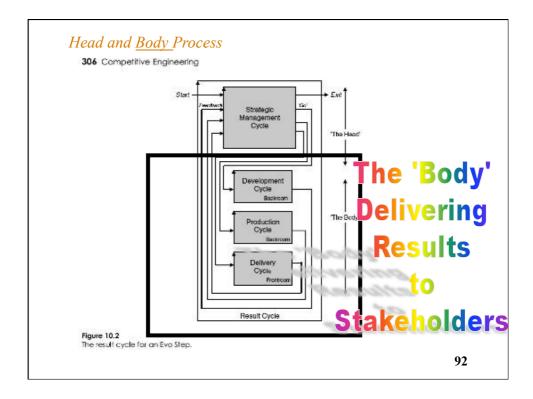
Process: Strategic Management Cycle ("The Head# Entry!

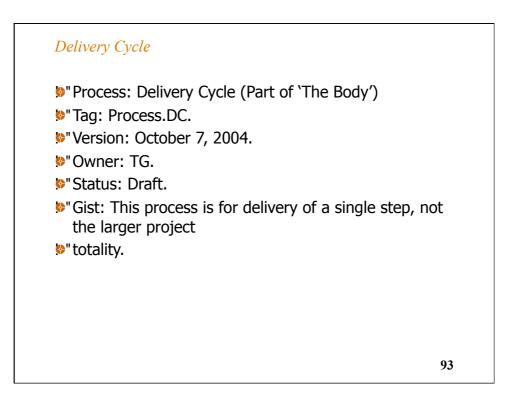
- Process: Strategic Management Cycle (#The Head\$!
- " Tag: Process.SM. Version: October 7, 2004.
- Owner: TG. Status: Draft. Note: Process.DC (Delivery Cycle) is a separate process defined below. !
- " Entry Conditions: Entry.SM !
- E1: All <u>necessary input information for Evo is available</u> to the project management and design team.
- E2: All <u>input documents have successfully exited</u> from their own quality control process. The specification quality control (SQC) entry condition applies to the project requirements and the design idea specifications. Note: This usually implies between 0.2 and 1 remaining major defect(s)/page (A page is 300 words of non-commentary text.) !
- E3: The <u>design idea specifications have been evaluated using IE and, the IE</u> <u>table has exited from SQC (Spec Quality Control, see CE Chapter on SQC).</u>
- E4: <u>The level of uncertainty acceptable to the project has been formally</u> <u>determined</u> (deviation (%) from plan). Default level 10%.
- E5: The project management and design team are adequately trained or, assisted by a qualified person to analyze and specify evolutionary plans.
- " E6: There is relevant approval, including funding, for the project to proceed. !

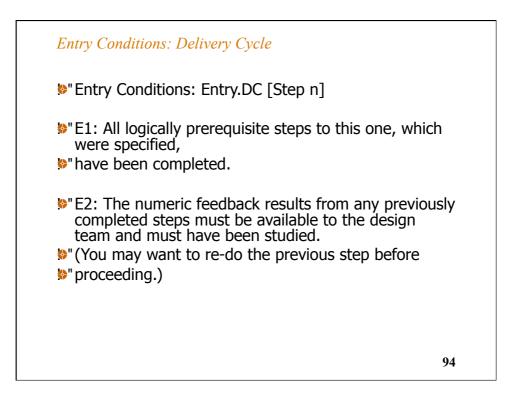
89

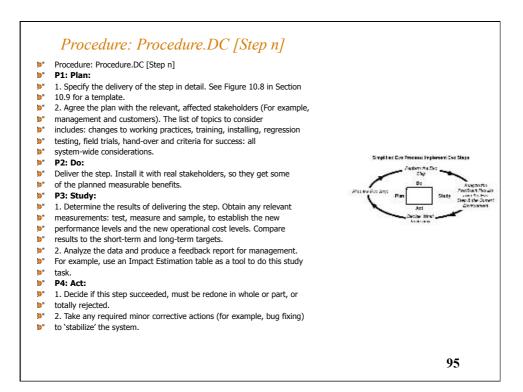
	Procedure: Procedure.SM!
	Procedure: Procedure.SM !
*	P1: Plan:
% "	1. Modify if necessary top-level project requirements and design ideas. !
`	2. Update the long-term Evo plan.
`	3. Initiate any backroom development cycles and/or production cycles required for future steps.
!	4. Decide on the next step for delivery (to the frontroom).
**	5. For next step: Set step targets, select step design ideas, decide step [qualifiers].
`	6. Produce maximum one page overview plan for the step delivery (see template in Figure 10.8 and, also the example in Figure 10.5).
`	! The step delivery cycle (DC) can start once the next step (for delivery) has been decided and when the relevant development and production cycles are complete.
!	P2: Do: Initiate the Delivery Cycle (that is, the step delivery to the stakeholder. Others may carry out the detailed work).
!	P3: Study:
`	1. On completion of the Delivery Cycle, identify the numeric differences between the system's actual attribute levels and the target requirements. Where are the large 'gaps'?
% "	2. Note numeric differences between estimated step results and actual results.
**	3. Monitor the progress of any current 'backroom' development cycles and/or production cycles. Ensure they have sufficient resources to be completed on-time.
!	Note any stakeholder needs, technological, political or economic changes, which should be reflected in the Evo step sequencing, or even the requirement or design specification.
© "	P4: Act: Adopt the change, or abandon it (revert to previous state before step implementation). Or, decide to run through the cycle again, but possibly under changed conditions (paraphrased from W.E. Deming 1986). Go to P1 (that is, continue cycling), unless Exit Conditions are met. !
	90

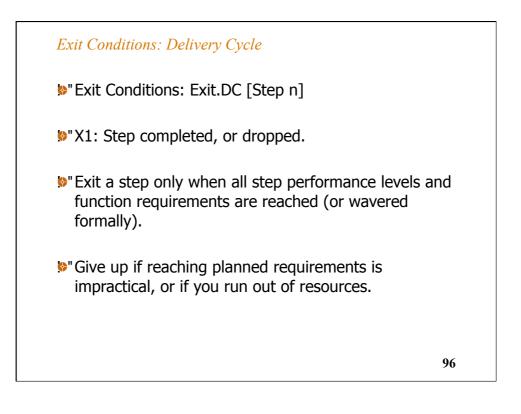


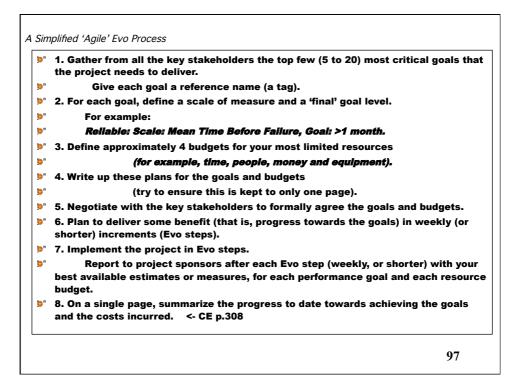


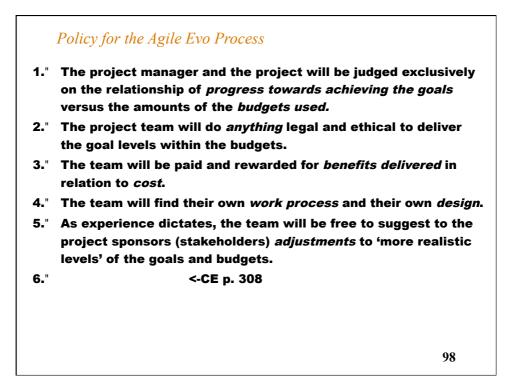


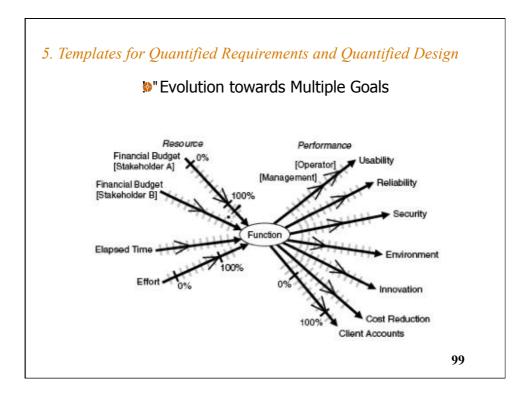


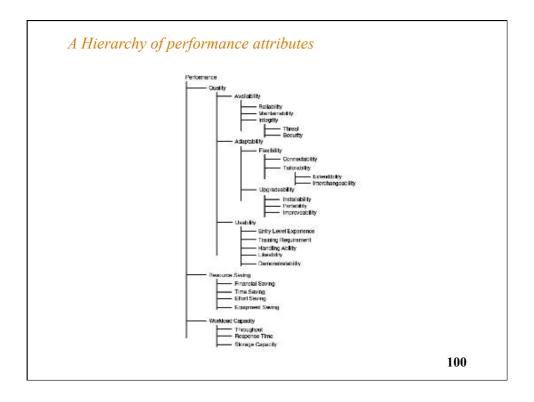












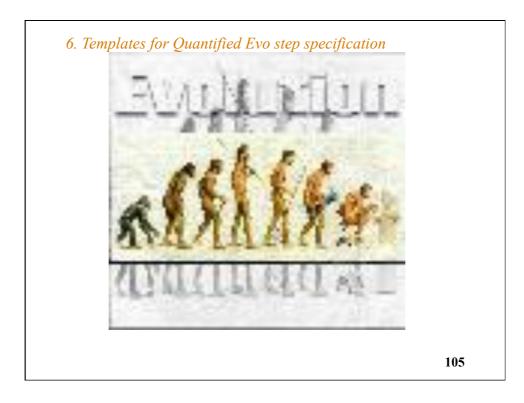
|--|

0"	Usa	bility.Productivity	(taken from Confirmit 8.5 development)	
		Scale for quantification: Market Research-report	Time in minutes to set up a typical specified	
	¢"	Past Level [Release 8.0]	: 65 mins.,	and an only
		Tolerable Limit [Release		
	83°	Goal [Release 8.5]: 25 m		Trond Johansen
		•"	Note: end result was actually 20 minutes ©	Trona Jonansen
6 "		knowledge of MR-specifi steps, to produce a stand	·	ed
	user	s, not a list of features that the	r-to-day operations of our Market Research ey might or might not like. 50% never used! efficiency, which leads to more profit, will please them.	
	user "	s, not a list of features that the We KNOW that increased e	ey might or might not like. 50% never used!	
!	user	s, not a list of features that the We KNOW that increased e The '45 minutes actually sav •" = big \$\$\$ saved	ey might or might not like. 50% never used! efficiency, which leads to more profit, will please them.	xt
9 "	user II After vers	s, not a list of features that the We KNOW that increased e The '45 minutes actually sav •" = big \$\$\$ saved r one week we had defi	ey might or might not like. 50% never used! Efficiency, which leads to more profit, will please them. ved x thousands of customer reports'	xt MR

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Scalar Requirement Template	
Elementary scalar requirement template <wth hints=""> Tag: <tag elementary="" name="" of="" requirement="" scalar="" the="">. Type: <{Performance Requirement: {Quality Requirement, etc.} ====== Basic Information ======= Version: <date number="" or="" other="" version="">. Status: <{Draft, SQC Exited, Approved, Rejected}>. Quality Level: <maximum date="" defects="" major="" page,="" remaining="" sample="" size,="">. Owner: <role e-mail="" for="" name="" of="" person="" responsible="" specification="" the="" this="">. Statkeholders: <name an="" any="" in="" interest="" specification="" stakeholders="" this="" with="">. Gist: <brief capturing="" description,="" essential="" meaning="" of="" requirement="" the="">.</brief></name></role></maximum></date></tag></wth>	===== Constraints == "Specific Restrictions" ===== Fail [<when, if="" where,="">]: <failure level=""> <- <source/>. Survival [<when, if="" where,="">]: <survival level=""> <- <source/>. ======= Relationships ======== Is Part Of: <refer any="" of="" supra-requirements<br="" tags="" the="" to="">(complex requirements) that this requirement is part of. A hierarchy of tags (For example, A.B.C) is preferable>. Is Impacted By: <refer any="" design="" ideas="" of="" tags="" that<br="" the="" to="">impact this requirement> <-</refer></refer></survival></when,></failure></when,>
Ambition: <summarize ambition="" below.<br="" level="" of="" only="" targets="" the="">Give the overall real ambition level in 5–20 words>. ====================================</summarize>	Source>. Impacts: <name any="" designs="" or="" plans="" requirements="" that<br="">are impacted significantly by this>.</name>
Scale: <scale (states="" all="" and="" benchmarks)="" constraints="" for="" measure="" of="" qualifiers="" requirement="" scale="" targets,="" the="" units="">.</scale>	===== Priority and Risk Management ======= Rationale: <justify exists="" requirement="" this="" why="">. Value: <name [stakeholder,="" event]:="" or<="" place,="" quantify,="" td="" time,=""></name></justify>
<pre>Meter; <the be="" measurements="" method="" obtain="" on="" the<br="" to="" used="">defined Scale>. ==== Benchmarks ===== "Past Numeric Values" =====</the></pre>	express in words, the value claimed as a result of delivering the requirement>. Assumptions: <state any="" assumptions="" connection<="" in="" made="" td=""></state>
Past [<when, if="" where,="">]: <past an="" current="" estimate="" if="" is="" it="" level.="" or="" state=""> <- <source/>.</past></when,>	with this requirement> <- <source/> . Dependencies: <state achieving="" anything="" planned<="" td="" that="" the=""></state>
Record [<when, if="" where,="">]: <state-of-the-art level=""> <- <source/>. Trend [<when, if="" where,="">]: <prediction change="" future<br="" of="" or="" rate="">state-of-the-art level> <-</prediction></when,></state-of-the-art></when,>	requirement level is dependent on> <- <source/> . Risks: <list anything="" cause<="" could="" of="" or="" refer="" tags="" td="" that="" to=""></list>
<source/> .	delay or negative impact> <- <source/> .
======================================	Priority: <list after="" any="" be="" before="" elements="" implemented="" must="" of="" or="" requirement="" system="" tags="" that="" the="" this="">.</list>
Goal/Budget [<when, if="" where,="">]: <planned level="" target=""> <- <source/>.</planned></when,>	Issues: <state any="" issues="" known="">.</state>
Stretch [<when, if="" where,="">]: <motivating ambition="" level=""> <- <source/>.</motivating></when,>	
-Wish [<when, if="" where,="">]: <dream (unbudgeted)="" level=""> <- <source/>.</dream></when,>	103

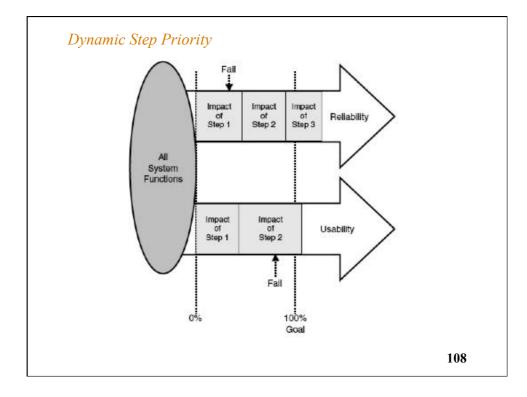
Example of a Design Specification " Tag: OPP Integration. **%**" Type: Design Idea [Architectural]. <mark>%</mark>" ================= Basic Information **%**" Version: **%**" Status: Reuse of This Design: Design Constraints: Sub-Designs: **8**" Quality Level: 6" Owner: Impacts [Functions]: Impacts [Intended]: Interoperability. Impacts [Suctions]: Impacts [Suctions]: Impacts [Suctions]: Impacts [Suctions]: Impacts [Suctions]: Interoperability: Defined As: Certified that this device can exchange information with any other device **%**" Expert: 8" Authority: Source: System Specification Volume 1 Version 1.1, SIG, February 4 – Precise reference <to be supplied **8**" **(۵**) by Andy>. Gist: The X-999 would integrate both 'Push Server' and 'Push Client' roles of the Object Push Profile (OPP). **%**" Description: Defined X-999 software acts in ** accordance with the ${\scriptstyle < \!\!\! specification \!\!\!> \!\!\! defined}$ for both the Push Assumptions: There are some performance requirements within our certification process regarding probability of connection and transmission etc. that we do not remember <-TG. Dependencies: Server and Push Client roles of the Object Push Profile 8" (OPP). Dependencies Risks: We do not understand' fully (because we don't have information to hand here) our certification **%**" Only when official certification is actually and correctly granted; has the {developer or supplier or any real requirements, so we risk that our design will fail certification <-TG. 101 integrator, whoever it really is doing the integration} completed their task correctly. Priority: Issues: This includes correct proven interface to any other related **%**" modules specified in the specification. Stakeholders: Phonebook, Scheduler, Testers, <Product Architect>, Product Planner, Software Engineers, 8 104



 Intended audience: Marketing. Focus on <sales aspects="">, not how to identify information in detail (not yet, in this step).</sales> Go to <specific sites="" web="">.</specific> Process for Testing with Stakeholder (for example, observation, times). Inpoint some characteristics of what we see on the terminal compared with what we see on the terminal - What instructions should be on the terminal to begin? No illustrations to be provided, just text. 	9" 9" 9" 9" 9" 9" 9" 9" 9"	An Evo Step Specification Example An Evo Step: Tutorial [Model 1234, Basic]. Stakeholders: {Marketing, Department XX}. Implementers: Department XX. Intended Audience: Marketing. Gist: To prepare a written tutorial that teaches how to identify required information on internet web pages. Step Content: HCTD12: <hard copy="" document="" text="">. "This declares a design idea, HCTD12, that needs further detailed specification. Some additional notes about it are also given. See below." Notes [HCTD12]: . Can write the basic minimal functions, MMM, in 1 week. <-GF. . Provide step by step instructions, in English. Questionnaire for Stakeholders.</hard>	Questionnaire: Defined As: Questionnaire to walkthrough with stakeholders. Step Validation: DefinedAs:Process for TestingwithStakeholders. "Example observation, times." Constraint: Step must be deliverable within one calendar week. Assumptions [Applies?Step Cost [Effort], Source? MMM]: 10 hours per page. Dependencies: <feature list="" of="" www="">, <77777 WWW Browser> <-MMM. Risks: At least 3 hours needed of TTT's time for input and trial feedback.</feature>
	8. 8. 8. 8.	. Focus on <sales aspects="">, not how to identify information in detail (not yet, in this step). . Go to <specific sites="" web="">. . Process for Testing with Stakeholder (for example, observation, times). . Pinpoint some characteristics of what we see on the terminal compared with what we see on a <pc or="" other="" terminal="">. . What instructions should be on the terminal to begin?</pc></specific></sales>	{[Stakeholder?TTT, Saleability]: <some of<br="" possibility="">value>, [Stakeholder?Developers]: <value a<br="" feedback="" of="" on="">tutorial>}. Step Cost [Effort]: < 10 hours <-MMM. Figure 10.5 An example of using the specification template for an Evo step.</value></some>

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6 "	Tag: <tag for="" name="" step="" the="">.</tag>	M
8" 10"	Type: Evo Step.	====== Measurement ==========
6"	======== Basic Information =================	Test: <refer and="" any="" apply="" cases,="" of="" or="" plan="" step="" tags="" test="" the="" to="" which="">.</refer>
6"	Version: <date last="" of="" or="" step<="" td="" to="" update="" version=""><td>Step / Step / St</td></date>	Step / St
	specification>.	Specification Quality Control (SQC): <outcome, date="">,</outcome,>
6"	Status: <{Specification Stage [{Draft, SQC Exited,	Pre-Delivery Test: <outcome, date="">,</outcome,>
	Approved }], In Evo Plan, Scheduled Next,	Post Delivery Results: <{problems, stakeholder feedback}, date>,
6"	Under Implementation, Delivered awaiting Feedback,	Certification Specification: <refer certification="" plans="" the="" to="">.</refer>
	Feedback Obtained}, date> <- <source< td=""><td>======================================</td></source<>	======================================
0 "	(who says 'Status' is true?)>.	<any constraints="" economic,="" imposed="" legal,="" of<="" or="" other="" p="" political,="" security=""></any>
0 "	Quality Level: < Maximum remaining major defects/page,	implementation> <- <source (who="" is="" says="" this="" true?)=""/> .
	sample size, SQC date>.	Assumptions: < Any assumptions that have been made>.
\$ "	Owner: < Who is taking responsibility for the step in terms	Dependencies:
	of specification>.	<anything be="" finished,="" for="" in="" must="" place,="" properly,="" to<br="" us="" which="" working="">able to start this Evo step or to complete it> <- <source (who="" says="" td="" this<=""/></anything>
8 "	Stakeholders: < Who are you going to deliver requirements	true?)>.
	to? >.	Risks: <any account="" be="" into="" need="" risks="" taken="" that="" to="">.</any>
8 "	Implementers: < Who is in charge of implementing this	Priority:
	step>.	<name, a<="" any="" be="" clearly="" done="" elements,="" must="" system="" tags,="" td="" using="" which=""></name,>
8 "	Gist: <brief description="" idea="" main="" of="" step="" the="" this="">.</brief>	or must clearly be done before. Give any relevant reasons>.
<u>ه</u>	Description: <give a="" description="" detailed,="" of<br="" unambiguous="">the step, or a tag reference to a</give>	Issues: <unresolved concerns="" in="" or="" or<br="" problems="" specification="" step="" the="">system>.</unresolved>
6"	place where it is described. Remember to include	system>.
S7	definitions of any local terms>.	Rationale: <justify existence="" of="" step="" the="" this="">.</justify>
6"	Implementation Details: "Includes relevant details, such as	Step Value:
	<pre><which product="">, <which area="" of<="" pre=""></which></which></pre>	<real estimates="" measurements="" numeric="" of="" or="" stakeholders="" to="" value="">.</real>
8"	application system>."	"Value in terms of
6"	Evo Plan: <tag associated<="" evo="" is="" of="" plan="" step="" td="" that="" the="" this=""><td>meeting the requirements. At least, the value on scale 0 (none) to 9 (highest)." <- <source (who="" is="" says="" this="" true?)=""/>.</td></tag>	meeting the requirements. At least, the value on scale 0 (none) to 9 (highest)." <- <source (who="" is="" says="" this="" true?)=""/> .
	with>.	Step Cost:
0 "	Step Content: <step elements:="" functions,<="" ideas,="" td="" {design=""><td>Sudgets or real costs>. "For example, financial costs and engineering</td></step>	Sudgets or real costs>. "For example, financial costs and engineering
	Tasks, re-used step definitions}>.	hours. These must be
0		constrained by the Evo 2% policy. At least, the value on scale 0 (very
-		cheap) to 9 (high and unpredictable)." <- <source (who="" is="" says="" td="" this="" true<=""/>
Sou	Irce: CE Fig. 10.8	

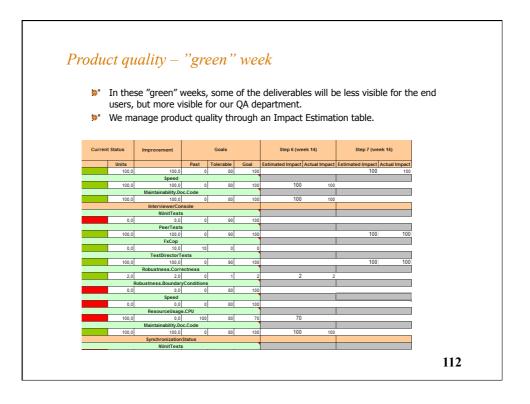


	Sand Sull ind	Design (Specifi Detail Els	ied in							
Usability Portability Efficiency Benefit Cost	Docume	Shap #1 Plan A: (Design: X Function: -Y)	Step #1 Actual	Step #1 Difference - 19 Bad + Is Good	Total Stop #1	Step #2 Pion B: (Design: F)	Stop #2 Actual	Step #2 Difference	#1 and #2	Step #3 Next Ste Plan
Objectives (Defined Quantitatively)	Reliability 99%- 99.9%	50% ±50%	40%	-10%	40%	30% ± 20%	20%	-10%	e0%	0%
	Performance 11 sec	80% ±40%	40%	-40%	40%	30% 250%	30%	0	70%	30%
	1 sec.						6%	.15%	17%	83%
	Usability 30 min	10%. 320%	12%	+3%	12%	20% ± 15%				
	Usability		12%	+2% +10%	12%		10%	-5%	20%	5%
	Usability 30 min 30 sec. Capital Cost	320%				± 15%		-5% +7%	20%	5% 5%

Tracking the Project Evolution using an Impact Estimation Table (conceptual diagram) Step 1 Plan % (of Target) Step 2 to Step 20 Plan % Step 21 [CA, NV, WA] Plan % Step Plan % Plan % Step 22 [all Plan % Actual % cumulated to here cumulated to here Deviation others] Plan % cumulated to here % Target Requirement 5 3 -2 40 43 40 83 -20 63 Performance 1 92 152 10 12 +2 50 62 30 60 Performance 2 20 13 -7 20 33 20 53 30 83 Performance 3 3 +2 25 28 10 38 20 58 1 Cost A 4 6 +2 38 44 0 44 5 49 Cost B 110

55

			Soluti	on: Re ke it pos	ssible to recode va					5 Trond J	ohanse	
					effort: 4 days <u>1</u> Productivity Impr	ovemer	nt: 20 mi	nutes (50% wa	y to Goa	l)	
					lt 38 minutes (95%			•		,	,	
	А	В	C	D	E	F	G	BX	BY	BZ	CA	
1												
2		Current			Step9							
3		Status	Improv	ements	Goals Recoding							
4					Estimated impact Actual im							
5		Units	Units	%		<u> </u>	Goal	Units	%	Units	%	
6 7		1.00	1.0	50.0	Usability.Replacability (feat	ure coum}	0					
8		1,00	1,0	50,0	Usability.Speed.NewFeatur	incliminant (+				
9		5.00	5.0	100.0		esimpaci (15	5					
10		10,00	10.0	200,0	-	15	5					
11		0,00	0,0	0,0		30			+			
12				-1-	Usability.Intuitiveness (%)							
13		0,00	0,0	0,0	0	60	80					
14					Usability.Productivity (mini	utes)						
		20,00	45,0	112,5	65	35	25	20,00	50,00	38,00	95,0	
15			101.0		Development resources							
15 20 21				91.8	0		110	4.00	3.64	4.00	3,64	



Description of requirement/work task		Past	Status
Usability.Productivity: Time for the system to generate a survey		7200 sec	15 sec
Usability.Productivity: Time to set up a typical specified Market Research- report (MR)		65 min	20 min
Usability.Productivity: Time to grant a set of End-users access to a Report set and distribute report login info.		80 min	5 min
programmer to define a	he time in minutes it takes a medium experienced complete and correct data transfer definition with without any user documentation or any other aid	15 min	5 min
espondents executing a	oncurrency: Maximum number of simultaneous survey with a click rate of 20 sec and an response fined [Survey-Complexity] and a defined [Server	250 users	6000

Product quality	Description	Customer value	
Intuitiveness	Probability that an inexperienced user can intuitively figure out how to set up a defined Simple Survey correctly.	Probability increased by 175%	
Productivity	Time in minutes for a defined advanced user, with full knowledge of 9.0 functionality, to set up a defined advanced survey correctly.	Time reduced by 38%	
Product quality	Description	Customer value	
Productivity	Time (in minutes) to test a defined survey and identify 4 inserted script errors, starting from when the questionnaire is finished to the time testing is complete and is ready for production. (Defined Survey: Complex survey, 60 questions, comprehensive JScripting.)	Time reduced by 83% and error tracking increased by 25%	

Product quality	Description	Customer value
Performance	Max number of panelists that the system can support without exceeding a defined time for the defined task, with all components of the panel system performing acceptable.	Number of panelists increased by 1500%
Scalability	Ability to accomplish a bulk-update of X panelists within a timeframe of Z second	Number of panelists increased by 700%
Performance	Number of responses a database can contain if the generation of a defined table should be run in 5 seconds.	Number of responses increased by 1400%

